## FOLLOW-UP PLANNING

## Concepts

## Bank

The bank is the total money we have available to invest. It is advisable to distribute it in several houses, by the variation of the quotas and the best use of the markets. For example we have 2,000 euros and we are going to divide them into 5 follow-ups.

## Unity

This will be our measure when planning the follow-ups. The unit corresponds to the reference currency (euro, dollar). Each user will start with the units he / she deems appropriate, there will be users who start tracking at time 1 , with 1 drive and others starting with 5.10 or more.

Each user will have the money he / she deems appropriate to invest, always with AUTOCONTROL, for each follow-up.

As an example, we choose 5 web follow-ups:

We have a bank of 2,000 units. We are willing to invest 400 units for each follow up.
Our bank looks like this:

## Follow-ups:

Maritimo Funchal (Portugal) - over 1.5 total goals in second part - Bank $400 €$.

Osnabruck (Germany) - draw in first part - Bank 400€.
Pending

PSG (France) - odd total goals in first half - Bank $400 €$.

## Compliment

Kaiserlautern (Germany) - over 3.5 total goals - Bank $400 €$.

## Compliment

Valencia C.F (Spain) - win in second part - Bank $400 €$.
Pending

We would have closed 3 follow-ups and 2 pending, we could start with 3 more followups.

From Sports Tips Pro we recommend not having more than 5 follow-ups in play, for greater control of the money invested.

As we are following follow-ups we will open others, if any follow-up reaches the established limit, IT IS FOR LOST.

We have more follow-ups where to make a profit, I do not recommend to exceed the limit set for a follow up.

On the web you can access the calculation and accounting tool of your follow-ups, using it correctly will guarantee a control of your investment and profits.

## VALUES OF THE FOLLOW-UPS

Once you have seen the concepts of the Bank and the method, we will focus on the CHOICE OF FOLLOW-UP

Well, here it is necessary to differentiate the followings by the HISTORICAL PROBABILITY, that is to say the number of times that this equipment makes effective this market in his history, as well as the RMax (the longest series registered in our base,
without producing the market ), Which will serve as a reference, let's look at two examples:

| Team | Country | Market | RA | RMax | PH | PA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Millwall FC | England | Over 2,5 <br> total | 10 | 8 | $49,73 \%$ | $99,94 \%$ |

As we see, this team makes this market in a high percentage, in the middle of their matches more or less. With this data we can consider a short follow up, up to 5 times for example.

| Team | Country | Market | RA | RMax | PH | PA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Southampton <br> FC | England | Total <br> goals: 3 | 19 | 16 | $26,70 \%$ | $99,79 \%$ |

As we see this team performs this market in a low-medium percentage. With this data we can consider a long follow up, up to 8 times for example.

Logically, the less common the market, the bookmaker will offer better odds, so we will have scope to establish our bank.

If you have any doubt or suggestion, please contact us at win@Sportstipspro.com, or through our social networks.

